

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

Published by ATKINSON & ALEXANDER, No. 53 Market street, four doors below Second, where SUBSCRIPTIONS and ADVERTISEMENTS will be thankfully received.

VOLUME I.

PHILADELPHIA, DECEMBER 29, 1821.

NUMBER 22.

CONDITIONS.

The Saturday Evening Post is published once a week, on a large royal sheet, at two dollars a year; payable half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS at the end of the year.

No subscription received in the city for less than six months—in the country, no subscription received under one year.

Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, at two dollars additional—with the customary allowance for renewals and alterations. Non-subscribers to pay at the rate of one dollar per square for three insertions.

A Letter Box will be found at the gate (No. 53 Market street) where Advertisements and Communications may be deposited—or they will be thankfully received in the Office back.

LETURNO & DURFF.

WHITE and BLACK SMITHS, No. 76 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, keep constantly for sale, a general assortment of STOVES of modern patterns, and finished in the best manner. aug 4—f

QUILL MANUFACTORY.

J. B. KREYMBORG, NO. 41 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia, has on hand and offers for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and White Manufactured QUILLS, from \$2 50 to \$25 the thousand. aug 4—f

ALEXANDER PARKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has for sale at the Myriamensing BOTANICAL GARDEN, Prime street (Love lane) near 11th street, a general assortment of the first quality Garden and Flower Seeds. Also, a large collection of Green House and Hardy Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, with a fine selection of Bulbous Roots. Orders, per post, or left at No. 40 George street, Southwark, will be punctually attended to. nov 17—f

HAT STORE.

NO. 24 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia. P. C. WILLMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none in cheapness and durability. oct 27—f

JAMES BIRD.

BOOT and SHOEMAKER, No. 25 North Tenth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced a Boot and Shoemaking business, and trusts by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage. N. B. Two apprentices wanted. aug 18—6m

JOHN MCLOUD.

46 MARKET STREET, keeps constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready-made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. aug 4—f

J. MILES.

AT his fashionable Manufactory, No. 25 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, keeps constantly on hand, a large assortment of BOOTS, which he can dispose of on the most reasonable terms. Customers supplied in a neat fashionable manner, at the shortest notice. aug 4—f

FRUIT TREES FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber having purchased that old established Nursery formerly the property of Samuel Cates, deceased, in addition to his former establishment, will be enabled to furnish his customers with a large and general assortment of APPLE, PEAR, PLUM, PEACH, CHERRY and PRUNOT TREES. Catalogues may be had by applying to the Subscriber, or can be sent to Market street Ferry, per side, if required, any day except Sunday. JOSEPH FRENCH, Junr. Moorestown, (N. J.) Oct. 20, 1821—6m

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 CARTERS ALLEY, a few doors from Third street, directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of EAST-ERN SHOES, just received. Joseph Coggins. aug 4—f

Buenos Ayres Ox Hides.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and for sale, at his establishment, No. 80 CHESTNUT STREET, (the long established and well known and formerly occupied by James Molony) an extensive supply of Buenos Ayres Ox Hides, of the best quality. Likewise sundry smaller parcels, from different places of various weights and qualities, a whole together constituting a complete assortment. He has also constantly on hand a supply of TOP HIDES, of a very superior quality warranted not to fail. Also, such other LEATHER as is used by Saddlers, Coach, Harness, Boot and shoe makers, together with TANNERS' OIL, CURRIERS' TOOLS, &c. N. B. The Highest prices given for LEATHER and THE ROUGH, or taken in on storage, if required. David Coggins. aug 4—f

Alpine Shaving Cakes.

THE Proprietor of this Soap is so well satisfied of its superior quality, that he will warrant it to be the best kind now in use. Also, LAVENDER, ROSE, and MILLEFLOU DAP, either in round Cakes for Shaving, or for use for Washing. Just received and for sale, Wholesale and Retail, BY T. S. ANNERS, No. 141 Chestnut street, opposite the Philadelphia Bank. Country Merchants, Druggists, and others, dealing in the above articles, would do well to call and examine the above before purchasing elsewhere. sept 13—f

JUST PUBLISHED.

AND for Sale by HUKMAN & HAZARD, No. 121 Chestnut street, The Expedition of ORSUA and the CRIMES OF AGUIRRE, by ROBERT BOURNEY, Esq. in one volume, 12mo. price 75 cents.

In Press, and will be published in a few days, THE PRIVATEER, a novel, in 2 vols. WALTER SCOTT's Novels complete, for sale as above.

BOOKS and STATIONARY for sale, on very reasonable terms. PRINTING and BINDING executed with neatness and despatch. nov 17—f

PORTER, ALE AND CIDER.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand, and will continue to have an extensive quantity of the above Liquors of the first quality, which he offers for sale on moderate terms for cash. Private families, who wish to be supplied with those liquors, would do well to call on

MICHAEL WELSH.

At the south west corner of Walnut and Front street, where their orders will be thankfully received, and executed at the shortest notice. Merchants and Sea Captains can be supplied with any quantity. oct 13—f

DAVID EVANS.

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, No. 27 Chestnut street, between Second and Front streets, Philadelphia, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS being brought up to the Tanning and Currying he considers himself a Judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive SHOES to sell on Commission. All which will be attended to with fidelity. aug 4—f

REMOVAL.

STOCKTON, Mercer & Taylor, has removed from No. 45 to No. 61 SOUTH THIRD STREET, opposite Girard's Bank, where he will be happy to execute all orders in his line. Country Merchants and others, who wish to furnish their own cloth, will find it to their advantage to call. As he employs none but the first rate workmen, he is able to warrant his work finished in the best manner and most fashionable style, and at prices which conform to the economy of the times. No person will be requested to take a garment which does not fit. sept 22—3m

FRENCH & ENGLISH TUITION.

THE Subscriber, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he proposes teaching the FRENCH and ENGLISH LANGUAGES, grammatically, at his dwelling, No. 132 SOUTH SIXTH STREET, first house above Spruce street, west side, where applications will be gratefully received. He will likewise give private lessons daily on the part of the grammar to those who may favour him with their confidence for acquiring a knowledge of those useful Languages. He will translate all kinds of Writing or Printing, from and into either of the above Languages, with accuracy and dispatch. The terms, which are moderate, will be made known on application as above. JOSEPH AZAN. oct 13—3m

MAHOGANY.

JOHN JAMES, jun. Cabinet, Chair and Venetian Blind Maker, No. 28 North Fifth street, a few doors above the sign of the White Horse, and next door to the sign of the Lamb, has for sale, MAHOGANY in Plank, Boards and Veneers. Also, CO. PAL JAPAN and SPIRIT VARNISH, and GLUE. N. B. Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms. 8 mo 11—f

Oyster Rendezvous and Chop House.

NEW ARRANGEMENT. THE subscriber in tendering his thanks for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore extended to him, respectfully informs his friends and the community generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at No. 16 LIBRARY STREET, immediately facing the United States' Bank, and that he has annexed to his Hotel an

Oyster Rendezvous.

Gentlemen can be supplied with unusual dispatch at any hour through the day, with the first rate Oysters dressed to suit their wishes; and in the Chop House, with Beefsteaks, Veal Cutlets, and a variety of poultry; and choice game, and with any other article in the culinary line, which they may be disposed to prefer. The congeniality of the Banks, Coffee-House and public offices, renders his establishment unusually accommodating to persons having business at either, and he solicits a continuance of their former favours. The Bar is abundantly supplied with liquors and refreshments, and there will be constantly on hand Genuine Old Irish Whiskey, for Hot Punch. nov 17—f CHARLES NEWMAN.

John and Thomas Chuley.

WIRE FENDER and CAGEMAKERS, No. 17 South Fourth street, next door to the Indian Queen, manufacture Wire-Fenders of various patterns, Wire Meat-Safes to keep out flies, Brass Wire work for Libraries, Book Cases, &c. Nest Wire Bird Cages of all sorts, Wire work for Aviaries, &c. Screens for Gravel, Lime, &c. Land Churns, Rat and Mouse Traps, &c. Orders from any part of the United States executed with accuracy and dispatch. aug 4—f

JEHU WARD.

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, No. 42 Market street, between Front and Second, south side, has for sale, an assortment of warranted Watches, together with Chains, Seals and Keys, of various descriptions. Also, Silver Table and Tea Spoons, at reduced prices. Clocks, Watches, &c. repaired on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to perform. aug 18—f

John and James B. Wood.

42 SPRUCE, between Front and Second streets, CONTINUE to manufacture the Old Dutch and the New Patent FANS. Also, Cutting Boxes of different sorts and sizes, with Perforating utensils in general, manufactured wholesale and retail. They keep, as usual, a constant supply of each on hand, which are offered for sale at very moderate prices. aug 4—f

Moral and Religious.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

FRIENDSHIP.

A Father's love—how sweet the name,
To nature's holy tie,
Connecting earthly bliss with heaven,
In filial piety!

A mother's fostering care we own,
A mother's love we claim.
Then let affection in return,
Prove friendship—not a name.

But ah! in vain, it stimulates
Our minds to higher spheres,
Trembling—dreading we embrace
In spite of all our fears.

Thy name, oh Friendship, must remain
The chase of an age,
Brought to perfection by an art,
Unknown to mortal truth or thought.

In vain—we urge a powerful truth,
In vain we trace its cause,
It seems the embryo of youth,
Ordained by nature's laws.— H. S.

DECEMBER.

The year is closing. Let us enquire of ourselves whether we have closed the labors and duties of it as we ought. Let no one be disposed to say, how short has been this year, until he has examined whether he has made a wise and suitable improvement of the three hundred and sixty-five days which has been allowed him. Has no part of this time hung heavily upon your hands? Are there no blanks, no wastes to be found in our reckoning since the first day of January 1821? It is to be feared that we have greater cause to regret the misimprovement, than the shortness of our time.

The fields which but a few days past were clothed in youth and beauty, present to us now, but a dreary prospect. This should make us thoughtful—it is a lesson full of instruction. But even winter and age bring with them their enjoyments and comforts, when the Spring, Summer and Autumn have been rightly improved. This is the season for contemplation, for intellectual improvement, and for repose. There is nothing better for a man, said Solomon, than that he should eat and drink, and that he should make his good in his labour.

The horse of a pious man living in Massachusetts, happened to stray into the road, a neighbour of the man who owned the horse, put him in the pound. Meeting the owner soon after, he told him what he had done: "and if I catch him in the road again," said he, "I'll do it again." "Neighbour," replied the other, "not long since, I looked out of my window in the night, and saw your cattle in my mowing ground, and I drove them out, and shut them in your yard, and I'll do it again." Struck with the reply, the man liberated the horse from the pound, and paid the charges himself.

Anecdotes of Remarkable Characters.

SIR FRANCIS BURDETT.

One day some two or three years ago, he privately asked one of his servant maids the cause of her not dressing herself as neatly and genteelly as her female companions were in use to do, since their wages were the same? The modest girl blushing informed him that she had an aged infirm mother to support with that part of the wages which she could spare. He asked why the parish to which she belonged did not support her? The girl answered that she never would allow her mother to be supported while she was able to work; for as her mother had taken care of her while she was young, it was her duty now to take care of her aged mother. Sir Francis, being struck with the answer, inquired where the mother resided; and being informed of the place (which was at a considerable distance from London) he rode to the same, dismounted from his horse, entered the hovel, and found, on conversing with the mother, that the daughter's reports were true; and upon further inquiry, he found that the family had been in respectable circumstances until the late husband and the steward (a shavish country attorney) had quarrelled, who, in revenge ruined the family. Sir Francis, on his return home, sent privately for the girl, and, after applauding her for her virtue, told her that in future, he would take care of her mother, but to be sure to dress afterwards as neatly as her fellow servants. He then desired her to let him know how much of her wages she had expended in supporting her mother, since she had entered into his service; and upon being informed thereof, he soon put into her hands a bank stock ticket to that amount; assuring her, if she continued as she had done, he would keep her in his remembrance. But although these matters were scarcely transpired between the parties, and although the donor wished them concealed, the genuine overflow of gratitude on the part of these poor but virtuous women soon made the facts public.

Dr. Glynn, who has been described by the author of "The pursuits of Literature," as "The lord Rapis on the banks of Cam," was remarkable for many acts of kindness to poor persons. He had attended a sick family in the fens near Cambridge, for a considerable time; and had never thought of any recompense for his skill and trouble, but the satisfaction of being able to do them good. One day he heard a noise upon the College staircase, and his servant presently brought him word, that the poor woman from the fens waited upon him with a magpie, of which she begged his acceptance. The doctor was at first a little discomposed at the woman's folly. Of all presents, a magpie was least acceptable to him, as he had a hundred loose things about his rooms, which the bird, if admitted, was likely to make free with. However, his good nature soon returned; he considered the woman's intention, and ordered her to be shown in. "I am obliged to you for thinking of me, good woman," said he, "but you must excuse me for refusing to take your bird, as it would occasion me a great deal of trouble." "Pray, doctor," answered the woman, "do pray be pleased to have it. My husband, my son, and myself, have been long consulting in what to show our thankfulness to you, and we could think of none better than to give you our favourite magpie. We would not part with it to any other person upon earth. We shall be sadly hurt if you refuse our present." "Well, well, my good woman," said Dr. Glynn, "if that is the case, I must have the bird; but do you, as you say you are so fond of it, take it back again, and keep it for me, and I will allow you eighteen pence a week for the care of it." This allowance Dr. G. punctually paid as long as the bird lived.

EMPEROR JOSEPH II.

The Emperor of Germany, had once a petition presented to him in behalf of a poor supernumerary officer, who lived with a family of ten children, in an indigent condition, at some distance from Vienna. The Emperor enquired of several old officers if they knew this man, and received from all of them an excellent character of him. His majesty gave no answer to the petition, but went, without any attendants, to the house of the poor officer, whom he found you had ten children. "This," replied "but here I see eleven." "This," replied the officer, pointing to the eleventh, "is a poor orphan I found at my door; and tho' I have done all I could to engage some persons more opulent than myself, to provide for him, all my endeavours have proved in vain; I have, therefore, shared my small portion with him, and brought him up as my own child." The emperor admired the noble and generous humanity of this indigent man, to whom he discovered himself and said: "I desire that all these children may be my pensioners, and that you will continue to give them examples of virtue and honour. I grant you 100 florins per annum for each of them, and 200 florins additional to your pension. Go to-morrow to my treasurer, where you will receive the first quarter's payment, with a commission of lieutenantancy for your eldest son. Continue to be your children's careful tutor, and I will henceforth be their father." The old man, with all his family, threw himself at the feet of his sovereign, which he bedewed with tears of gratitude. The emperor shed tears himself, and after giving some small presents to the children retired. When he rejoined his retinue, he said to Count Colorado, "I thank God for this day's favour. He hath guided me to discover a virtuous man in obscurity."

COUNTESS OF BEDFORD.

The circumstances attending the death of the Countess of Bedford, wife of the fifth earl, who was afterwards advanced to the dukedom, were very remarkable. This lady, equally accomplished in mind and person, was the daughter of Robert Carr, Earl of Somerset, by the disolute Countess of Essex; but the guilt of her parents and the murder of Sir Thomas Overbury had been industriously concealed from her, so that all she knew was their conjugal infelicity, and their living latterly in the same house without ever meeting. Having one day entered her lord's study, with a mind depressed and dejected by the tragical end of Lord Russell, and the earl being suddenly called away; her eye, as it is supposed, was caught by a thin folio, lettered, *Trial of the Earl and Countess of Somerset*. She took it down, and turning over the leaves, was struck to the heart by the guilt and conviction of her parents. She fell back, and was found by her husband dead in that posture, with the book lying open before her.

JAMES FERGUSON.

This ingenious mechanic and astronomer was travelling once in a stage coach in which there happened to be only another passenger, who was a Sectarian. The man being brim full of zeal kept the discourse continually upon the subject which was nearest to his heart, and pointed out passages of scripture incessantly, exclaiming, as he uttered every disjointed passage, is not that

scripture; Ferguson at last grew quite impatient, and told his fellow traveller that upon his principles he would undertake to prove the lawfulness of suicide. "How so," vociferated the scripturist, "Why," retorted the mathematician, "Judas went out and hanged himself." Is not that scripture? "Go thou and do likewise." Is not that scripture? This put an end to the conversation and the parties went on to the end of the stage in silence.

The Ladies' Friend.—No. XIX.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

SONG.—Tune, "The Rose Tree."

I've mark'd thee broken hearted,
I've seen the tear-drop in thine eye;
For joys that long have parted,
Thy bosom heaves the hopeless sigh;
Thy beauties past and faded,
Thy loveliness for ever gone,
Thy mind in sorrow shaded,
Oh! most forlorn and wretched one!

'Twas rapture once to view thee,
To see thy opening beauties rare,
The graces seem'd to woo thee,
And every virtue flourish'd fair;
But now with care thou'rt blighted,
Thy mind before so lovely bright,
In sorrow is benighted,
And clouded in darkest night.

As thus the opening flower,
Blooms awhile so sweetly gay,
Dispensing ev'ry hour,
Sweets to cheer the glowing day,
Until the tempest hours,
And blasts its tender beauties all,
So stern misfortune's powers,
Relentless have caused thy fall.

Tho' now cast down by sorrow,
A hope thou hast beyond the skies,
A clear and cloudless morn
Shall on thy future rise;
In native brightness glowing,
One more thy beauties shall appear,
And pleasures purely flowing,
Thy heart reviv'd again shall cheer.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

TO MISS S. L. T.

Oh, Susan! do not say farewell,
Oh, and a gentle language—
The mournful truth to tell;
Say, parted friends may meet again,
But do not say farewell.

It tells of pleasure past away,
It tells of future sorrows;
That summer smil'd on yesterday,
And winter comes to-morrow.
Around the heart it seems to throw,
A melancholy spell
Of mingled memory and woe—
Oh, do not say farewell.

Had anger chill'd, or doubt misled,
That word than both were stronger,
'Twould sound like voices from the dead,
That can offend no longer.
But when upon the parting hour
No harsher feelings swell—
When Love and Grief alone have power,
Oh, do not say farewell.

At once and quickly let me part
From all that's worth possessing;
Nor fold its treasures to my heart,
And hear the bitter blessing.
Oh then, a soft'n'd colouring give
To this I know too well;
Tell me I have not long to live,
But do not say farewell.

RINALDO.

WOMAN.

There is a propriety in a woman's mind, a kind of instructive judgment, which leads along in a right way, and that so gently, and by such a continuous run of little circumstances, that we are hardly conscious we are not going on in our own course. She helps to cure our weaknesses better than man, because she sees them quicker, because we are more ready to show her those that are hid, and because advice comes from her without its air of superiority, and reproof without its harshness.

Men who feel deeply, show little of their deepest feelings to each other. But besides the close union and common interests and concerns between husband and wife, a woman seems to be a creature peculiarly ordained for a man to lay open his heart to, and share his joys with, and be a comforter to his griefs. Her voice soothes us like music, she is our light in gloom, and our sun in a cold world. In time of affliction she does not come to us like man, who lays by for the hour of his proper nature to give us relief. She ministers to us with a hand so gentle, and speaks in a voice so calm and kind, and her very being is so much in all she does, that she seems at the moment, one born to heal our sorrows, and give rest to our cares. That man must be sadly depraved, and as hard as stone, who does not feel all the disturbance within gradually sinking away, and a quietude stealing through his frame, to whom such a being is sent for comfort and support.

MRS. SHALLUS
INFORMS the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia, that she has just received, in addition to her former extensive and valuable collection, a large number of NEW ENGLISH NOVELS and ROMANCES—among which are:
Angela's and Adeline, or the Forest of St. Bernardine—by Miss Haynes, 4 vols.
Bravo de Bohemia, or the Black Forest, 4 vols.
Castles in the Air, or Whims of My Aunt, 3 vols.
Delusion, 2 vols.; two sets.
Dancesfield, or Vicissitudes on Earth, 4 vols.
Mabel and Sel, or History of a Druse Family.
By Baron de Dalberg, 2 vols.
Disorder and Order—by Amelia Beauchamp, author of Husband, Hunters, &c. 3 vols. three sets.
Eloise, or Melrose of the Lakes—by Charlotte Smith, a new edition, 5 vols.; three sets.
Fatal Vow, or St. Michael's Monastery—by Francis Lathion, a new edition, 2 vols.; two sets.
France and England, or Scenes in each—by Edward C. Gifford, 2 vols.
Godfrey Ringer, 3 vols.
Lately, or the Rose of Italy—by Agnes Musgrave, a new edition, 4 vols.; two sets.
Maiden Wife, or Heiress of the Courty, a most interesting tale—by Miss E. M. Hamilton, 4 vols.
Montague Newberg—by Alicia C. Maut, author of Ellen, or the Young Godmother, 2 vols.
Robin Hood, a Tale of Olden Times, 2 vols. (London, 1819).
Soldier of Pennallor, a new edition, in 5 vols. two sets.
Saint Margaret's Cave, or the Nun's Story—by Mrs. Mulme, author of St. Clair of the Isles, 4 vols. a new edition.
Saint Bride's Manor, 2 vols.
Viel's Protection—by Mrs. Moore, 5 vols.
Julia of Ardenfield, 2 vols.
Monk of Dissent, 5 vols. a new edition.
Life of a Recluse—by A. Gibson, 2 vols.
Highland Castle, and Lowland Cottage, 4 vols. two sets.
Saint Patrick, a National Tale—by an Antiquary, 3 vols.; two sets.
Cottagers of Glenburnie—by Miss Hamilton, a new edition.
The Prize in the Lottery, or Adventures of a Young Lady; written by herself from the Italian of L'Abbate Chiari. Translated by Thomas E. White, 2 vols.
The Victim of Intolerance, or Hermit of Kil-larny, a Catholic Tale—by Major Robert Torrens, 4 vols.
Emeline, Orphan of the Castle—by Charlotte Smith, a new edition, 4 vols. &c.
In addition to those, Mrs. S. has all the late American Edition of NEW WORKS—among which are:
No Fiction, 2 vols.; six sets.
Village of Marstonport, 2 vols.; 6 sets.
Catholope, or Fallen Fortunes, 2 vols.; 6 sets.
Aiken's Court of Queen Elizabeth.
Miss Wright's Letters on America—and a great variety of others.
nov. 17—tf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
WILLIAM JACOB STRAWN, of the Northern Liberties, Bookkeeper, did on the 7th of the 12th mo. 1821, make an assignment to the Subscribers, of all his property for the benefit of his creditors generally—all persons having demands against the said Jacob Strawn, are requested to present the same, and those indebted to make immediate payment to either of the Assignees.
S. F. MOORE, No. 135 North Ninth street.
W. M. JOHNS, Old York Road, No. 41.
dec 13—tf

WALDREN BEACH,
86 LOMBARD STREET,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Wholesale and Retail quantities, the following articles—Cane, Canister and Roll Blacking—Woolen Soap, and Wash Balls—Potatum, Ink Powder, &c.
nov 17—tf

FRENCH SCHOOL.
CHARLES KLOTZ returns his grateful thanks to the citizens of Philadelphia, for the encouragement he has received in this city, and hopes to deserve a continuance of public confidence by his assiduity and attention. He has opened a French Class at his house, No. 74 South Fifth street, for the instruction of Young Gentlemen in this useful Language—Days of tuition are, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 5 till 7 o'clock in the evening. Terms, \$10 per quarter, half to be paid in advance on the first lesson. He intends likewise to open an Evening Class for grown gentlemen, from 7 till 9, or 8 till 10 o'clock, on the same days, and the same terms. Lessons given in private families and Seminars. C. K. is employed for the tuition of the French Language in two of the most respectable Seminars in this city, where every satisfaction will be given as to his capacity.
oct 13—ly

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,
LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutter, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use. Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Blades, of the best cast steel, put in Pen-knive handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles. Old Files re-cut and made as new.
oct 6—tf

E. LOWBER,
DRUG and Colour Merchant, No. 144 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia, respectfully offers to Country Merchants, Druggists, and Physicians, a general assortment of the various articles in the Drug Line, on reasonable terms, and at moderate prices. A very extensive assortment of Dye-stuffs, all the Dye-woods, in stick, chipped, and rasped, and the various Vegetable and Metallic Dyes, are constantly on hand. Orders from the Country and elsewhere, for any of the following as well as any other articles in his line, will receive prompt attention, and very special care will be paid to the quality of all goods sold.
5 tons Logwood, 5 casks Venetian Red, 10 lbs. Spanish Brown, 400 lbs. White Lead, in oil, 200 lbs. Whiting, 5 cases Chinese Vermilion, 500 gallons Spirits Turpentine, 100 boxes Window glass, IN THE DRUG LINE, Opium, Camphor, Pure Jalap, Rhubarb, Pinkroot, Calomel, Tartar Emetic, 50 lbs. London refined Cream, Tartar, Rochelle Salts, 500 gallons of Galipoli, Epsom Salts, Olive Oil, 500 gallons Sperm Oil, 50 lbs. Sulphur, 50 lbs. Crocin, 5000 gallons Linseed Oil, Magnesia, Hellebore, 25 casks of Dry London Cassia, Cloves, White Lead, Nutmegs, &c. &c. &c.
10 casks Spanish Brown, &c.
dec 8—tf

LEATHER STORE.
ABRAHAM WINKEMORE, at No. 53 FINE STREET, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, an assortment of LEATHER, which he can dispose of as low, for cash or approved notes, as can be obtained in the city.
oct 20—5m

A. ATKINSON,
DEGS leave to inform the public, and his customers in particular, that he has REMOVED his Saddle, Bridle, Harness, Trunk and Collar Manufactory, from No. 1 South Third street to No. 5 NORTH FIFTH STREET, Philadelphia.
N. B. Gentlemen wishing to procure articles in the above line, agreeable to their own taste, may rest assured of having their orders executed in the nearest manner, on the most reasonable terms.
aug 4—tf

REMOVAL.
SAMUEL MASON, jun.
CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, has Removed from No. 167 Chestnut street to No. 249 Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh streets, where he offers for sale, an assortment of warranted PATENT LEVEL, REPEATING and PLAIN WATCHES.
Also, Gold, Gift and Steel Chains, Seals & Keys.
Clocks and Watches carefully repaired.
dec 15—tf

A CLUB
It is now forming at GOODWIN'S Office, for the purchase of One Hundred Tickets in the Second Class PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOTTERY, on the following plan—say the subjoined handsome selected Numbers, divided into twenty shares, at thirty dollars each share—the great advantages, who don't risk more than thirty cents, and may gain Seven Hundred and Fifty Dollars, for so small a sum! Don't let an favourable opportunity escape. Apply at the North-East corner of Walnut and Third streets.
Prizes paid and sold at this Office, within twelve months, of upwards of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

No. 6935	1504	814	6735	3745
2741	3750	3746	3966	3970
815	2760	6840	6836	2636
4541	2660	2870	2816	2915
2911	3225	3565	3221	14099
6506	6760	6631	7771	8101
7770	7236	7766	7260	6931
8241	1503	3461	3025	2756
4860	6510	4856	4935	4931
6736	6510	6623	12160	12156
8025	3735	7131	1655	6210
6206	11055	12531	11870	11861
11868	11715	11863	11711	9850
9846	8820	8816	8725	8321
8316	8315	8315	8320	8311
8245	3115	4225	3111	11051
8021	14094	4221	13556	13631
13635	13636	377	13640	14085
5731	8721	237	102	632
562	762	467	14506	14425

nov 24—tf

SAMUEL WITHINGTON,
MANUFACTURER of Filigree Work and Jewellery, No. 119 Chestnut street, has on hand, a large assortment of JEWELLERY and WATCHES, which will be disposed of at reduced prices. Also, a variety of HAIR WORK, such as, Bands, Braids, Frenzels, Hair Nets, &c.
N. B. Orders executed at the shortest notice.
aug 11—6m

EDUCATION.
CHAS MEAD, thankful for the patronage he has already received, informs the readers of the Saturday Evening Post, that he has removed his School from No. 32 Church Alley, to the English department of the Academy in Cherry street, opposite Zion Church, corner of Cherry and Fourth streets.
C. M. has lately prepared a new School Book, entitled the 'SCHOOL EXERCISES,' containing a course of Lessons, in which the various branches of Education are introduced as subjects for reading in Schools. The above work is just published and for sale by MAXWELL, corner of Walnut and Fourth streets.
sept 1—6m

House, Sign Painting, Gilding, &c. &c.
BY J. WARREN.
At No. 89 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia, opposite to Cherry street.

WHO informs his friends and the public in general, that he carries on the business in all its branches, and on the most reasonable terms. Those who may favour him with their custom may depend upon having their work done with neatness and dispatch.

N. B. Particular attention will be paid to Sign Painting by himself. He has constantly on hand, Sign Boards and Japanese Tins, of the first quality, and of all colours, very low. Also, Mahogany Doors, Furniture of every description, varnished, to dry with a beautiful gloss, warranted to stand without fading or spotting.
aug 4—tf

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.
THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied with FRESH BEER and ALE, at the following prices, viz. from five gallons and upwards, at the rate of 18 1/2 cents per gallon—Table Beer at 6 1/2 cents per gallon, Yeast, &c.
No. 64, corner of Gray's alley and Front street.
sept 15—tf

IRON CHEST.
ANY person having one to dispose of, may hear of a purchaser by leaving a note, directed to S. at the office of the Saturday Evening Post, stating price, size, &c.
oct 6—tf

COLLECTING, &c.
THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he will post and balance books, and collect Debts, on moderate terms—Arrangements drawn at the shortest notice.

JAMES STEER,
Accountant and Collector, 33 Green street.
dec 8—6m

ASTRAL LAMPS.
GARDINER, VERON & CO. No. 98 Chestnut street, two doors above Third street, have just received, a few pairs very superb ENGLISH ASTRAL LAMPS.
Also, an invoice of Miniature or Profile Frames, of various sizes, with oval and square glasses.
dec 8—4

CAUTION.
ALL persons are forbidden trusting my wife JANE, on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting.
EDMUND H. JOSEPH.
dec 22—3f

Printing.
OF every description, neatly executed, at a short notice, by the subscribers, they having a handsome assortment of Types expressly for the purpose.
ATKINSON & ALEXANDER, 53 Market street.
aug 8—tf

AN ABSTRACT
Of the Marriages, Baptisms and Burials
IN THE VARIOUS CONGREGATIONS
in the City and Suburbs of Philadelphia;
From December 25, 1820—to December 25, 1821.

Christ Church, St. Peter's & St. James's.
The Right Rev. Bishop White, Rector.
Rev. Dr. Abercrombie, and Rev. Mr. Kemper, Assistant Ministers.

Marriages 63 — increased 18
Baptisms 133 — same as last year.
Burials 122 —

St. Paul's Episcopal Church.
Rev. Mr. Allen, Rector.

Marriages 60 — decreased 19
Baptisms 21 — decreased 9
Burials 33 —

St. John's Episcopal Church, N. L.
Rev. Mr. Boyd, Rector.

Marriages 11 — increased 4
Baptisms 29 — decreased 4
Burials 9 —

Swedish Lutheran Church.
Rev. Dr. Collin, Rector.

Marriages 31 — increased 3
Baptisms 52 — increased 34
Burials 56 —

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.
St. Mary's Church.
Rev. Dr. Hogan, Pastor.

Marriages 82 — increased 21
Baptisms 372 — decreased 13
Burials 232 —

St. Augustine Church.
Rev. Mr. Hurley, Pastor.

Marriages 25 — increased 9
Baptisms 91 — increased 16
Burials 38 —

Holy Trinity Church.
Rev. Dr. Rolofs, Pastor.

Marriages 7 — decreased 40
Baptisms 84 — increased 1
Burials 44 —

German Lutheran Church.
Rev. Dr. Schaffer, Pastor.

Marriages not obtained
Baptisms 208 — decreased 7
Burials 151 — decreased 7

German Reformed Church.
Rev. Mr. Helfenstein, Pastor.

Baptisms 75 — decreased 39
Burials 46 — decreased 9

Evangelical Lutheran Church of St John
Rev. Mr. Mayer, Pastor.

Baptisms 103 — decreased 22
Burials 54 — increased 3

Friends' Meeting.
Burials 152 — increased 15

Free Quakers.
Burials 32 — decreased 18

First Presbyterian Church.
Rev. Dr. Wilson, Pastor.

Marriages 17 — increased 6
Baptisms 31 — decreased 6
Burials 37 —

Second Presbyterian Church.
Rev. Dr. Janeway, Pastor.

Burials 45 — increased 6

Third Presbyterian Church.
Rev. Dr. Ely, Pastor.

Marriages 21 — increased 12
Baptisms 74 — decreased 15
Burials 26 —

Fourth Presbyterian Church.
Rev. Mr. Fols, Pastor.

Marriages 33 — decreased 42
Baptisms 27 — decreased 13
Burials 50 —

Second Baptist Church, N. L.
Rev. Mr. McLaughlin, Pastor.

Marriages 13 — decreased 6
Baptisms 1 — decreased 8
Burials 27 —

Third Baptist Church.
Rev. Mr. Peckworth, Pastor.

Marriages 56 — decreased 6
Baptisms 4 — decreased 29
Burials 21 —

Sansom Street Baptist Church.
Rev. Dr. Staughton, Pastor.

Marriages 68
Baptisms 5 — decreased 29
Burials 21 —

New-Market Street Baptist Church.
Rev. Mr. Griffin, Pastor.

Marriages 37 — decreased 21
Baptisms 10 — increased 1
Burials 18 —

German Baptist Reformed Church.
Rev. Mr. Keyser, Pastor.

Returns not obtained.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.
St. George's, Ebenezer, Salem, and Nazareth.
Rev. Mr. Smith, Rector.

Rev. Messrs. Cooper & Miller, Assistant Ministers.

Marriages — not obtained.
Baptisms — not obtained.
Burials 147 — increased 65
* Of which the majority were Strangers.

Union Methodist Church.
Rev. Mr. Burch, Pastor.

Marriages 14 — increased 23
Baptisms 34 — increased 7
Burials 19 —

St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church.
Rev. Mr. Kusling, Pastor.

Marriages 10
Baptisms 49
Burials 116 — decreased 2

Moravian Church, or United Brethren.
Rev. Mr. Van Fleck, Pastor.

Marriages 4 — decreased 21
Baptisms 23 — decreased 1
Burials 10 —

Universalist Churches, 1st and 2d.
Rev. Mr. Kneeland, Pastor.

Marriages 11 — decreased 17
Baptisms 11 — increased 3
Burials 13 —

Unitarian Church.
Returns not obtained.

New Jerusalem Church.
Rev. Mr. Carll, Pastor.

Marriages 1 — decreased 5
Baptisms 4 — increased 1
Burials 4 —

Christian Church.
Mr. Dickinson, Elder.

Marriages 14 — increased 23
Baptisms 50 — decreased 12
Burials 29 —

AFRICAN CHURCHES.
St. Thomas's Episcopal Church.
Returns not obtained.

First African Presbyterian Church.
Rev. Mr. Gloucester, Pastor.

Marriages 37 — increased 42
Baptisms 65 —

First African Baptist Church.
Rev. Mr. Simmons, Pastor.

Marriages 12
Baptisms 5 — same as last year.
Burials 10 — increased 3

African Methodist Church.
Rev. Richard Allen, Pastor.

Marriages 55
Baptisms 161 — increased 40
Burials 98 — increased 17

Foreign Intelligence.
LATEST FROM ENGLAND.
New-York, Dec. 11.

The British sloop of war *Hind*, Captain Burroughs, arrived here on Tuesday, 10th inst. She sailed on the 10th of November. She belonged to the *King of England*, which conveyed the King of England to the continent, and a few hours after her landing, received orders to proceed to the port. The object of her visit was not known until yesterday morning, when it was ascertained that she was dispatched in pursuit of a deserter in the British navy, who was supposed to be in the *King of England*, with about \$100,000 for the purpose of paying off certain crews, with the which he made off, and arrived here on Thursday, in the *Comet* from London, being passed himself off as a gentleman of fortune.

Capt. Burroughs reached here on Tuesday afternoon, and in an hour and a half with the aid of our police officers, the person he was in search of, and had good fortune to obtain nearly the whole of the money. Advice from the *Discovery* ship, which reached England, dated at Hudson's Bay, July 16th; they had been inclosed in ice, and advanced only 70 miles along the coast, and transport left them on the 1st. They however been visited with heavy rain, and expected soon to be extricated from the ice. The imports of cotton into this year amounts to 364,996 bags, less than the last year. The *Courier* states, that the quantity for the 9th was greater than ever before, at one time.

Accounts from Scotland mention the manufactures of that country were in a very flourishing condition. Consular orders have been received for the American market. The harvest was also abundant, and the various crops had been in. In addition to the accounts we have published of the improved state of the iron trade, the *Chester Chronicle* states, the consignments for Liverpool, &c. (via Canal) have for some time greatly exceeded those of any other port for many years.

An English man of war brig was in Flushing in the gale of the 4th Nov. the crew on board perished. The king of England reached the Palace on the evening of the 9th. He arrived in the royal yacht from Calais. This event was announced to the inhabitants of London by royal salutes from the Tower guns. His majesty's health is to have been greatly benefited by his visit, and that his late attack of the chest is behind him. He has thus, (says the *Courier*) given four months of considerable fatigue and activity, commencing with the ceremony of the coronation.

The Madrid dates are to Oct. 17th. *Courier* represents the affairs of Spain in an unfavourable light. The royal party is said, on arriving at the Escurial, not obtain lodgings; the municipality is refused, conformably to the command to grant any lodging billets, the police chief was obliged to interfere to prevent their accommodation. Eight of the persons of Zaldivar, was shot at Seville on the 18th. The Minister of Finance fell into disgrace, and it was expected he would be dismissed on account of the manner in which he had contracted the loan at Paris. The fever was fast subsiding at Barcelona, and other places.

The latest advices from Constantinople confirm the former accounts that Russia had commenced hostile movements against the Sublime Porte. One of the main objects of the Russian army, was to march against the Pacha of Bagdad, with a force of 60,000 men.

VIENNA, Oct. 11. The Divan has taken a very important resolution. An order has been issued which strictly prohibits all Turkish soldiers from leaving their corps and returning to their homes. This order has been already published to the corps composed of Asiatic troops stationed near Constantinople, under the Pacha of Brussa; and it has been declared to them, that present circumstances do not allow of their returning home this winter. This measure has made a disagreeable impression, as it is clear that it was adopted on account of the Russians. It was also affirmed that the army of the Pacha of Brussa would shortly set out on its march to the Danube.

LONDON, Nov. 11. The *Diario de Governo*, published at Lisbon, contains a report from the Criminal Judge of Oporto, in which he gives an account of his inspection of the Convent of the bare-footed Carmelites in that city, which he visited for the purpose of releasing from its dungeons the unfortunate Friar Gabriel, who was condemned to end his days there, and had been confined since 1813. The judge gives a melancholy picture of the state in which he found Friar Gabriel, and the horrors of the imprisonment he had undergone. He has been removed to another convent; and precautions, it is said, are taken to place him out of the reach of ulterior vengeance.

A school for the education of mechanics has lately been established at Edinburgh, and upwards of two hundred students have enrolled themselves for improvement in their several trades.

MARRIED. On the 27th inst. by the Rev. Dr. E. Ely, Mr. JOSEPH G. PARKER, to Miss SARAH B. DUVAL, all of this city.

MARRIED. On the 25th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Abernethy, Mr. EDMUND T. CRAWLEY, to Miss EMMALIN M. GAIN, of this city.

NAVAL.

The gallantry and enterprise of the American naval officers, which have so constantly been exhibited, have been signally called forth upon a very late occasion. On Christmas day a heavy Portuguese ship arrived at Boston, a prize to the United States schooner Alligator, — Stockton, esq. commander. It appears that the Portuguese, stated to be at least 100 tons larger than the Alligator, on the 5th of November last, bore down upon and attacked the latter by the discharge of a broadside—and after an action of much severity, struck her flag. She mounted twelve guns, and was very extensively manned. We know nothing of the loss sustained on either side, but the authority for the account is contained in a letter from one of the officers of the Alligator.

ROBBERY.—We understand that the dwelling house of Mr. Asaph Stone, situated on Washington Square, was forcibly entered on Wednesday night last, and a quantity of plate stolen therefrom. Our city is not the only one in which burglaries are multiplying. In the papers of Savannah, New-York, and Boston, we observe frequent notices of this kind.

On Thursday morning last, the County Court House, (formerly Congress Hall,) at the corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets, suffered material damage from fire. It originated in the bursting of a flue in the garret: and was discovered about 10 o'clock, bursting through the roof. By the activity of the hose and engine companies, it was happily extinguished; but not till it had destroyed the northern part of the roof, and done considerable injury to the cupola.

A meeting of the citizens of Norfolk, Va. was called on the 19th inst. by the mayor, recorder, aldermen and council, for the purpose of memorializing congress to repeal the "Act concerning Navigation," of the 18th of April, 1818, and a supplement to that act of the 15th of May, 1820—upon the principle that those laws are injurious to the interests of that district of the country, and contrary to the true policy of the United States.

It appears by a communication in the National Gazette, that Col. Peter Gordon, late treasurer of the state of New-Jersey, is not a defaulter to that state as mentioned some time since. On an examination of his accounts by a competent person, it appears that there is a balance in his favor of upwards of \$4000.

A petition of the German Hebrew Congregation of Philadelphia, for a lottery to aid them in building a Synagogue, was lately rejected by the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania. Some members of the assembly refused to comply with the prayer of the petitioners, on the ground that lotteries were not consistent with true moral principle: others founded their objections, on the plea that a monopoly of lotteries had been granted to the Union Canal Company.

The Commissioners and Grand Jury of Allegheny County have determined that a society shall be established for the promotion of agriculture and domestic manufactures.

The public are cautioned against receiving One Hundred Dollar notes of the Franklin Bank of Baltimore, without a very close examination. Counterfeits of the above description of notes are in circulation, and admirably well executed.

[Dem. Press.]

By the arrival at Baltimore of the North Point, from Batavia, it is ascertained that the cholera morbus was still making dreadful ravages in the Island of Java. Captain Robert Cook, supercargo of the ship Margaret, of Baltimore, and Captain Peabody of Salem, had died of this disorder.

Melancholy Accident.—The Albany stage was overtaken at Greenburgh, near Singing, about 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning; one of the passengers, Mr. Snediker of Dover, Dutchess county, was killed. An old lady had her arm broken. The other passengers, Messrs. Verplanck, Clark, and Nelson, of New York, and Messrs. Waddle and Hallock, of Poughkeepsie, suffered no injury.

[Nat. Adv.]

STAGE ACCIDENT.

The mail stage from New-York to Philadelphia, was upset on Friday, 21st instant, near New-Brunswick, and Mr. Chester Bailey, the Mail Contractor, was, we are sorry to state, severely hurt.

THE FUR TRADE.

In the course of the negotiation between the American and British commissioners at Ghent during the late war, when the celebrated insolent *sine qua non* was offered to us as the basis of a treaty, we were impudently accused of having no motive in our own plans of government paramount to financial and territorial aggrandizement. The autocrat, Alexander of Russia, offered himself a mediator between the United States and Great Britain, and though no objections were made upon our part to the mediatory proposal, the British cabinet rejected it as an impertinent interference in the affairs of its own councils, and in the differences subsisting between that, and other powers.—From the moment of the annexation of Louisiana to the Federal Union, the probable further extent of our territory, and the consequent enlargement of our population became a matter of great terror to the English government, and of no gratification to either of the continental monarchies. Russia, at the time of her apparent friendly suggestions offered to the court of St. James and to the government of the United States, then related to each other in the character of belligerents, it was conjectured had a motive in view of confining our territory within certain limits, so that no encroachments might be made by a remarkably enterprising people upon her own, and the monopoly of the Fur trade be so far taken from her as to allow the Americans a participation in it.—The ukase, or decree of Alexander gives some colour to the conjectures then formed, and we are rejoiced that Congress are adopting measures, by which our rights may be protected, and those of Russia not violated. The Baltimore Chronicle contains the following remarks upon the subject of the possession of the Mouth of the River Columbia:

"Congress are thus early turning their attention to the occupation of the mouth of the river Columbia—it is proposed to transport cannon to that place with all expedition. Whether the late ukase, published by the emperor of Russia, has brought this subject before the legislature, we know not. That document is of an extraordinary character, and may be made the subject of serious remonstrance. His Russian majesty claims a large and sweeping tract of territory, which come within two degrees only of the boundary of the United States on the Pacific ocean. He has interdicted all navigation, to all vessels but his own, within one hundred Italian miles of his dominions: thus even blocking the ocean to that extent. His majesty has furthermore, a respectable naval force in those seas already. The country embraced by his majesty's ukase, was formerly claimed by the English, a claim founded on the priority of discovery. Perhaps the emperor claims the soil in virtue of his jurisdiction over the aboriginal inhabitants. At all events these high and imperious requisitions, render it necessary for us to re-assert our title, and to replant our colony in those regions, to secure this valuable trade to ourselves.

The opposition that will now probably arise between the Russians, the English, and the Americans in those remote regions, all envious to secure the trade in furs and peltry, and all so distant from their respective governments may be productive of much mischief, and at no very distant day, Russia has already strong fortifications in that place, which in conjunction with her naval force will give her for the present a decided advantage.—Perhaps it is not going too far to say, that this territory will hereafter fall into the possession of the United States with the same certainty that Florida has already—any thing exultingly said by foreign writers to the contrary notwithstanding."

The Savannah Republican of the 15th inst. states that the grand jury of the Sixth Circuit Court of the United States, has found true bills for piracy against the capt. and crew, of the sloop Hiram. Their trial was expected to come on at the present term.

The steam ship Robert Fulton, captain Barnard, has arrived at Charleston, from New Orleans and Havana.

The French brig L'Pensee, lieut. Armstrong, prizemaster, arrived at the English Turn, on the 30th ult. with 220 slaves, a prize to the Hornet. A Columbian privateer, to which the brig was a prize, was also captured at the same time. The privateer's destination was not known.

Death by fire.—A daughter of Mr. Samuel Bennet, of Easthampton, about four years old, was burnt so shockingly a few days since by her clothes taking fire, that she expired a few hours afterwards. Her clothes took fire in the absence of the mother, and there was none to afford relief.

[Com. Adv.]

A memorial of the Bakers and sundry others, was read, protesting against the law regulating the baking of loaf bread, which is to go into operation on the 1st of January, and pray that all restrictions respecting the baking of bread may be taken off.—This paper was more than ten yards and a half long, and contained 1040 signatures.

THE STYLE COUPEE.

The remarkable fate of the favourite of Queen Elizabeth, the Earl of Essex, who was suddenly pulled down from the most transcendent station at that Court, and brought to the block, is generally known. If history has not transmitted it to posterity—the Tragedy of his name, and the late publication among the Waverly novels called *Kentworth*, familiarizes the modern reader with the unhappy story. The earl had a secretary named Cuff, who suffered after the fashion of his master. When he was delivered to the hands of the executioner he made the following remarkable address to the audience: an address, the merit of which, even in that golden age of literature, when merit was by no means rare, ought to have saved his life.

"I am here adjudged to die for acting an act never plotted; for plotting a plot never acted; justice will have her course; accusers must be heard; greatness must have the victory; scholars and martialists, though learning and valour should have the pre-eminence in England, must die like dogs and be hanged. To mistake this were but folly; to dispute it but time lost; to alter it impossible; but how to endure it is mainly, and to scorn it is magnanimity. The queen is displeased, the lawyers imperious, and death terrible; but I crave pardon of the queen; forgive the lawyers and the world: desire to be forgiven, and welcome death."

INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.

MEXICO, SEPT. 28. "The General (Yturbe) entered this city yesterday, at the head of 20,000 men. The provisional junta is now assembled, and a regency will be formed in the course of a few days. Every thing is perfectly quiet, and every prospect of its remaining so. I send you some public documents, which will convey you some idea of the state of things here. It has been a most extraordinary revolution, effected without bloodshed, and has been precipitated altogether by the vile policy of the beloved Ferdinand. It is now well known, generally, that Ferdinand had sent secret orders to Apodaca to overturn the constitution in New Spain, and re-establish the despotic regime of the Bourbons. Apodaca confided the secret to the several chiefs, among others to Yturbe, who, finding the country determined to maintain constitutional government, hoisted the tri-coloured flag, and adopted a policy calculated to deceive Apodaca, who at that time might have crushed him in the bud; but Apodaca allowed him to spread abroad, and it ran through the country like wild fire. Three-fourths of the European troops joined the independents, but had it not been for the opportune arrival of O'Donoghue, Mexico being then garrisoned by 4000 royalist troops, might have shed much blood, and held out a considerable time."—*Aurora.*

Latest from the Spanish Main.

Colombian Republic.—Capt. King, of the Adeline, arrived at Baltimore, from Santa Martha, has communicated the following intelligence to the editors of the American: "General M. Montillo, Commander in Chief of the Provinces of Cartagena and Santa Martha, was at the latter place and preparing an expedition of about 3000 men to go against Porio Bello, Chagres and Panama. It is supposed the expedition would set out in the course of December. The rich province of Quito, which had been wavering between Colombia and Peru, had lately surrendered to the former, and had become a part of that republic. A considerable force which had been ordered to march to Quito, had in consequence, been recalled. The standing army of the Republic of Colombia was computed at 25 to 30,000 men independent of militia. Several armed vessels were at Santa Martha preparing to accompany General Montillo on his new expedition against the Isthmus of Panama.—All was quiet at Santa Martha and the neighborhood.

The constitution lately adopted by the Republic of Colombia is nearly a copy of the constitution of the United States, with the exception that the President is elected for seven years instead of four. He is commander in chief of the army and navy, but when he takes active command the duties of the civil government devolve on the Vice President.

From the New York Evening Post. A gentleman lately from Washington, states, that a curious affair, which at one time, threatened to terminate in a fracas, occurred there on Friday evening, between the Lion, and the Fleur de Lys, in which warm words passed. They were in court dress, with swords by their sides, the use of which was prevented by the interference of a diplomatic friend of both, that matters are not yet settled, and we may expect to hear more of it. The cause is said to have been an observation on the conduct of F. in relation to the slave trade.

The Boston papers have lately been publishing the records of old times, under the head of "Reminiscences"—One of them, given in a late Boston Centinel, states, as a fact, that within the last seventy years, two boys of that town, of poor and obscure parentage, by their own industry became eminent merchants—emigrated to London, where they settled, and afterwards became Lord Mayors of that metropolis.

EXECUTION.

Michael Martin was executed at Lechmere Point, Boston, on Thursday, 20th inst. for highway robbery.

DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

The celebrated Mrs. Siddons, of the British stage has been upon a visit to her brother Mr. John Kemble, at Geneva, whence she has returned to London.—This event is announced in the Literary Gazette as a matter of moment, and the English public are congratulated upon the relapse of a woman who has, for years past, delighted and instructed them in the exhibition of the Historic Art. At Geneva the performers, extend the honour of arranging the characters, in forming, what is technically called, a picture, — to play exclusively to his (Mr. K's.) box.

The cost of the intended Theatrical edifice, in Chestnut Street, is estimated at the probable amount of 72,000 dollars, and more than twice that sum has been offered to secure its erection. Under the superintendence of Mr. Wood, whose industry and perseverance are notorious, it may be calculated to be finished early in the ensuing winter.—We understand that gentleman and his partner promise themselves that it shall.

The performances last evening, at New-York, were the Comedy of the FOLLIES OF FASHION; or *Fashionable Levities*, and VALENTINE AND ORSON.—Sir Huzzard Savage, Mr. Kent. The preceding night the representations were composed of the PROMISSORY NOTE; the VOICE OF NATURE; and FORTY THIEVES.

Mr. Pelby is engaged for six nights at the Prune Street Theatre. He made his first appearance last evening in the character of Bertram, in which he acquitted himself to the entire satisfaction of his friends. We shall take leave to go into an examination of that gentleman's theatrical merits in the next edition of the Post. Mrs. Monier represented the difficult character of *Amo-gio*, (in which the celebrated Miss Somerville was the original) with very excellent success. We commend her to speak however "more flippantly on the tongue." She possesses very sound and substantial materials upon which to erect a Theatrical fame, and might certainly dispense with that monopoly, which the natural tone only of her voice, prevents being displeasing. Her person is very symmetrical, her face formed of an admirable contour, and her prepossessions altogether favourable to her success upon the stage, if she would only divest herself of that prolongation of utterance.

The grand romantic melo drama of "UNDISCOVERED SPIRIT OF THE WATERS," for the magnificent preparations for which, the managers have been at an enormous expense, is announced for representation on Tuesday evening next, (New Year's night) at the Walnut Street Theatre.

The Mountaineers is given out as the performance at Prune Street this evening. Octavian by Mr. Pelby—we have heard some favourable remarks of him in this character.

Mr. Williams recently of that theatre, is making arrangements for dramatic exhibitions at the Circus in Washington City, and commences operations next week. We should surmise however, that the unceasing train of levees, assemblies, tea drinking, card parties and committee meetings, would leave little prospect of the attempt being successful.

At Mr. Keen's "Literary Emporium of the Western World," the good folks of Boston endowed the theatre on the night of Mr. Wallace's benefit, with the enormous sum of Five Hundred Dollars, so that expenses being deducted, it turned out to be a benefit at all. It is said that auctioneers were busy, bidders scarce, and in consequence, no seats could be brought to the hammer. We trust to see a different result in the event of his having a benefit here. Mr. Phillips and Mrs. Holman both volunteered their services on the occasion.

In a letter written by Mr. Wallace from New Brunswick he "expects to say in March next that Richards' himself again,"—and that from the sympathy excited about him his "fall" has cleared him."

MANY THINGS IN FEW WORDS.

According to a report made to the common council of New-York, the whole number of *Paupers* in the alms house of that city is 1553.

His Excellency Governor Sprigg, of Maryland, has issued his proclamation, offering a reward of two hundred dollars for the apprehension of the murderer of Mr. Claude Jollic.

In the Legislature of South Carolina, leave was lately given to bring in a bill, making the punishment for the deliberate murder of any negro, or free person of colour, death without the benefit of clergy.

A letter from Havana, Nov. 26, says, there is great irritation in that place against the Americans, among the higher class, on account of the treatment of Colonel Callava by General Jackson, and among the lower, on account of the capturing of the *Pirate*.

There was a heavy fall of snow at Nashville, on the 24th ult.

Several stores and dwelling houses have lately been robbed at Savannah.

A man named Lovet, has been taken up at Blakely, on suspicion of having murdered two females in Franklin county, Alabama. Symptoms of an insurrection had appeared among the slaves on several plantations near Surinam. One white man had been murdered. The ringleaders had been arrested and sent to Paramaribo.

From the Norwich Courier. Farmers don't stand your Poultry.

MR. HUSBAND—I beg through the medium of the Courier to be allowed to caution our country friends against the above pernicious practice.

First, as it concerns their own pockets, scalded fowls are ill looking and will not sell for so much as those that are picked, and soon spoil, often before being marketed; otherwise, the Feathers, although not of the first quality, will amply pay for plucking.

Secondly, by scalding, poultry is deprived of its delicious flavour, is converted into an insipid food, often producing the unpleasant effect that is commonly called "rising on the stomach."

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
The Song of B. T. will be inserted next week. The Literary Rag Bag is now on, for by inverted at present.
The Verses to Eliza, by P. P. appears to have been intended for another publication—the author can have them again.
Miss C. L. F. D's epistle to a friend has been received. We may, perhaps, find room for it in our next No.

Public Sale Report.

J. and W. LIPPINCOTTE & CO. Auctioneers.
From the 24th to the 26th Dec. 1821.

SUGAR.		
50 boxes Brown Havana.	•	89.75 a 9.00 cwt.
11 do. White do.	•	14.50 a 14.65 —
13 hds. St. Croix.	•	10.00 a 10.35 —
21 hds. Porto Rico.	•	4.00 a 4.05 —
4 hds. New Orleans.	•	30, 0 —
MOLASSES.		
8 hds. Havana.	•	35 a gal.
6 do. Sugarhouse.	•	34 a 36 —
MACKAREL.		
36 bbls. Boston, No. 2 (new).	•	6.20 a 6.30 bbl.
163 do. No. 3 do.	•	3.57 1/2 a 3.45 —
COFFEE.		
30 bags Havana.	•	26 a 26.5 lb.
20 do. Java.	•	27 1/2 —
TEA.		
90 chests young hyson, Phoenix cargo.	•	85 —
140 half do.	•	da
18 boxes southern.	•	33 a 35 —
3 chests young hyson, old.	•	82 —
SOAP.		
120 boxes wind, cake, 8 lbs. ea.	•	137 1/2 a 138 bag
3 do. castle.	•	14 lb.
GINGER.		
35 bags ground.	•	4 a 5 1/2 —
12 bags refined.	•	9 a 9 1/2 —
FRUIT.		
21 drums Sultana raisins.	•	13 —
3 boxes do.	•	da
26 boxes Muscatel do.	•	2.75 a 3.00 bag
5 bags Sun do.	•	1.00 lb.
3 boxes prunes.	•	da
5 bags currants.	•	8 1/2 a 10 —
3 bbls. Filberts (old).	•	5 1/2 a 6 1/2 —
HERRINGS.		
50 boxes Boston, 1st sort.	•	80 box
QUAIL.		
3 hals Russia.	•	9.00 M.
GLUE.		
10 bbls.	•	11 a 12 1/2 lb.
VINEGAR.		
3 bbls. cider.	•	3.00 bbl.
CORNMEAL.		
100 boxes French, 1 dis. each.	•	2.75 a 3.00 box
CHOCOLATE.		
10 boxes Boston, No. 1.	•	35 box
40 half do.	•	da
DEMIJOHNS.		
40 five gallon, wickered.	•	92 1/2 ea.
RED WOOD.		
4 bbls. ground.	•	84 1/2 lb.
2 bags do.	•	da

DIED, on Tuesday last, Mr. OWEN LENNARD, printer, aged 24 years.

DIED, on Wednesday morning last, after an illness of four days, JOHN JAMES BAKER, son of James N. Baker, Esq. in the 8th year of his age.

DIED, at Aux Cayes, on the 22d ult. after five days illness of yellow fever, Mr. EDWARD CUEST, late of this city, aged 37 years.

Astronomical.				
1821.	Sun	Moon	High	Mean
DECEMBER.	Set.	Set.	Water.	Pressure.
29 Sunday,	7 37	4 37	5 3	30.0
30 Monday,	7 37	4 37	6 4	30.0
31 Tuesday,	7 37	4 39	6 50	30.0
1 Wednesday,	7 37	4 41	7 36	30.0
2 Thursday,	7 37	4 41	8 3	30.0
3 Friday,	7 37	4 36	4 31	30.0

Of the above Time of the Rising and Setting of the SUN is the true Time shown by a well regulated Clock—and not the apparent or Solar Time given in the Almanacks.

THE SATURDAY MAGAZINE.

PUBLISHED by E. LITTELL, No. 745 1/2 St. Second Street, Philadelphia; and by R. NORRIS HENRY, No. 97 Pearl Street, New York. CONTENTS.—Theresa, a Fragment, from *Melville*; Koniushko—Epiphany—Privileged Characters—Louis XVII.—The Japanese—Origin of Christmas Boxes—Portuguese Family—An African Beauty—The Moving Bag of Kilmaleady—The Turk and the Negro—Dr. Boncompagni—Extraordinary appearance of the Sea—Singular Metemorphosis Phenomena observed in Switzerland—Account of the Larch of Ceylon—Haplopterus, or River Horse—Electric Fish—Ctenoides—Pneumonia—Giantism, by Wm. B. Tappan—To — — — Sunset, the King Returned—The Pains of Memory—Comparisons—Lines by Thomas Moore.

CARRIAGES AND GIGS.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully tenders his thanks for the patronage which has heretofore been bestowed upon him, and applies his friends and the public that his establishment has recently been improved, and augmented to an extent which enables him to supply the calls of his customers at the most immediate notice. His carriages are not only fitted up in an elegant manner, but constructed and furnished so as to be at once comfortable and commodious—his principal care having been to accommodate them to the several seasons of the year. In the selection of his coachmen he has been particularly careful, that they should be sober and skilful, and that their appearance should correspond with the equipage. Dispatch, diligence and attention, will be constantly given to those who honour him with their commands. The dimensions of his stable being very extensive, he is willing to receive Horses at Liberty.

He has provided his establishment with a very elegant HEARSE for FUNERALS, with Horses and Furniture corresponding with the Vehicle and its purpose.

Expresses sent to any part of the country at any hour.

JOHN CARTER,

In Prune Street, between 5th and 6th streets. dec. 22—11

WM. WA. LA F.,
No. 22 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

Has Received of the late Arrivals, TEN cases of LEIGHORN, containing an assortment of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Hats and Bonnets, which will be sold by the case, dozen or otherwise, as low as they can be bought in this city.

ALSO.

Fashionable Winter Bonnets, White Chip and American Straw do. Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c.
1 case super black and colored Bombazines,
1 do. Elegant Merino Shawls and Scarfs,
3 do. Nankin and Canton Trapes,
1 do. new style Meron pattern Furniture China,
Irish Linens, Sheetings, and Dispers.
An assortment of French and India Silks, Lace Veils, Shawls, &c.
4 1/2 Ingrain Carpeting, 4 1/2 English Ingrain Hemp do. a new and superior article.
With a variety of other articles in the Dry Goods and Millinery line. dec. 22—11

THE OILIO.

"Variety's the very spice of life,
That gives it all its flavour."

From the Russian Apology.

WISDOM.

While honouring the grape's ruby nectar,
All sportingly, laughingly gay;
We determined—L, Silvan, and Hector,
To drive old Wisdom away.

"Oh my children, take care," said the beldame,
"Attend to these counsels of mine:
Get not tipsy! for danger is seldom
Remote from the goblet of wine."

"With thee in his company, no man
Can err," said our wag with a wink;
"But come thou good-natured old woman,
There's a drop in the goblet—and drink!"

She frowned—but her scruples soon twisting,
Consented—and smilingly said:
"So polite—these indeed no resisting,
For wisdom was never ill-bred."

She drank, but continued her teaching;
"Let the wise from indulgence refrain,"
And never gave over preaching,
But to say, "Fill the goblet again."

And she drank, and she tottered, but still she
Was talking and shaking her head;
Muttered "temperance"—"prudence"—until
She was carried by Polly to bed.

[From the New-York Evening Post.]

THE BLUE STOCKING.

A SKETCH.

Her Leghorn hat was of the warm gold tint
That setting sun beams give to summer clouds.
The ribbon that encircled it as blue
As spots of sky upon a moonless night,
When stars are keeping revelry in heaven.
There was one little ringlet of her hair
That fell beneath her hat—it was as smooth
And dark as down upon a raven's wing.
The kerchief that was over her shoulders flung
And veiled her bosom's purity, was woven
Of every colour the first rainbow wore
When it came, smiling in its hues of beauty,
A promise from on high to a wet world.
Her robe seemed of the snow just fallen to earth,
Pure from its home in the far winter clouds,
As white, as spotless,—and around her waist
(You might have span'd it with your thumb and
finger)

A girdle of the hue of Indian pearls
Was worn, resembling the faint hue of water
That follows the swift bark o'er quiet seas.
Her face I saw not—but her shape, her form,
Was one of those with which creating hands
People a world of their own fashioning;
Forms for the heart to love and worship ever;
The vision angels of our twilight dreams.
Her foot was loveliest of created things,
Small as a fairy's on a moonlit leaf,
Listening the wind harp's music—small as her's
Who left her wedded Oberon, to love
Nick Bottom, weaver—(who can blame her for it?)
I love him too, good-natured, honest soul!
But 'twas that foot which broke the spell, alas!
Its stocking had a deep, deep tinge of blue.
I turned away in sadness, and passed on.

EPICURISM.

Dick's wife was sick, and past the Doctor's skill,
Who differ'd how to cure the inveterate ill.
Purging the one prescribed; No, quoth the other,
That will do neither good nor harm, dear brother,
Bleeding's the only thing—"Twas quick replied,
That's certain death; but since we differ wide,
'Tis fit the husband choose by whom 't'abide.
I've no great skill, cries Richard, by the Book,
But I've think bleeding's like to do most good.

CANDID AND COMPLIMENTARY.

The following morceau appears in place
of an advertisement, in a late Kentucky
newspaper.

I, ELIJAH M. BRUMMETT, hatter,
No longer mean the folks to flatter
With promises of hats or payment,
Bring out of cash and scant of raiment;
And lacking means of getting either,
Have resolved, in this bad weather,
To tramp the country up and down,
Until I find out some good town,
Where I can live more at my ease,
And have much fewer fools to please,
Than I have in this devilish place,
Where hundreds don me to my face.
Glasgow, Kentucky, Nov. 24, 1821.

FIRST COME FIRST SERVED.

A fellow having been adjudged, on a conviction of perjury, to lose his ears; when the executioner came to put the sentence of the law in force, he found he had been already cropped. The hangman seemed a little surprised. "What," said the criminal, with all the sang froid imaginable, "am I obliged to furnish you with ears every time you are pleased to crop me?"

GARRICK.

No actor on record ever roused the feelings more than Garrick, and none more probably suffered more from their exertion. A gentleman making the above remark to King, the Comedian, he received this reply: "Pooh—Mr. Garrick suffered from his feelings! Why, sir, I was playing with him one night in Lear, when in the middle of a most passionate and affecting part, and when the whole house was drowned in tears, he turned his head around to me, and rolling his tongue about, whispered: 'Tom, it'll do.'—Another proof of his intense feeling was in dying in Richard III. One night he fell near the side scenes, where a friend of ours and his wife were standing. 'Zounds, P—' said Garrick, 'and a little farther, or I can't die properly.'"

(For the Saturday Evening Post.)

POETRY—AN ALLEGORY.

Methought I was wandering in those delightful avenues that lead to the regions of Fancy, and inhaling the varied sweets of imagination that were glowing around me; and which presented themselves at every turn, when I was stopped in my progress by an unknown power, and transfixed in silent attention to the spot: my eye was delighted with the loveliness of the prospect about me, and my mind soothed and delighted with a train of the most agreeable sensations imaginable—my senses were not rapt in ecstasy, but every nerve glowed with a sense of the most refined rapture: music charmed the heart, and the ear was only the willing and delighted agent for the communication of sounds which were breathed, more to interest the heart than for the paltry gratification of sense. I glowed with a divine and unaccountable feeling—I was in the region of Sentiment—I was silent and observed.

Around me on every hand the ground was strewn with an assemblage of flowers that glowed in all the brightness of nature on the face of day, their colours were diversified as the imagery of thought, and the eye was agreeably charmed with the modest profusion of delicate and tender hues that in gentle proportion were blooming around. These, I was sensible, were the flowers of Fancy: I observed with regret that numbers of them were withered, and from the still visible remains of beauty appeared once to have been of more than common elegance, though it was evident the stock on which they had germinated was now blighted to the root. Rivulets wind gently among them, and bestowed their reviving influence to their vegetation. Some were broad, clear and full, and others again merely indicated their existence by their gentle murmuring, which tended more to tire than to relieve the ear by their unceasing monotony of sound. I immediately perceived that these were the rivulets of thought; but I was too happily entertained with the pleasure of my other feelings to be tempted to wish to sip of them. I observed that the gay and more desirable groups of flowers were invariably found blooming on the gentle eminences that graced the banks of those whose appearance indicated depth and clearness, and whose breadth seemed to interpose a barrier towards others obtaining, which seemed to heighten their value, as we find pleasure the sweeter when purchased at the expense of danger: and many of the flowers of a withered appearance grew by the sides of the limpid stream, and seemed to languish from the scantiness of nourishment afforded by those brooks, whose murmurs were more distinguishable than the salubrity of their effects—vernal airs filled the atmosphere, and the sun glowing with resplendent lustre cast an agreeable light on all around. I imagined this to be the terrestrial paradise, though I confessed that what I saw was too refined for the enjoyment of mere sensual mortality; and my astonishment was raised when I beheld advancing crowds of youths, who pressed forward, and appeared anxious of participating in the beauties of so charming a place. Impatience was in their looks—but timidity withheld many of them, who chose to loiter on the verge of the scene, and to contemplate in delighted enthusiasm the beauties that lay before them—others again, I observed, to advance with confidence and to collect with the inspired hand of taste, the flowers that were blooming around. The behaviour of some filled me with indignation, and of others with a secret pleasure, not unmixed with surprise.

I could easily discern their several tastes, and it was matter of little difficulty to perceive their respective pretensions to the favours of the tutelary deity of the place: to whose court it was manifest they wished to recommend themselves. Some with the sprightliness of a sylph glided from flower to flower, and rejected or chose with the facility of a perfect votarist. The apparent ease with which they culled, and the judiciousness of their selection showed how eminently they were fitted for applying them either in a garland or for the more substantial purpose of transplanting: the chaplets they wore were beautiful and fantastic, and were expressive images of mind—they bloomed for the heart—and grief could not have had a more chastened representation than was evinced in the graceful disposal of the lily, or joy more glowingly pictured than in the sweet and well-tempered arrangement of the smiling rose: their countenances were animated: they supplied their thirst at the fountain of thought, and disdaining the tameness of the shallow rills, they bounded

exultingly over the larger rivulets to taste of their inspiring waters, and gather increase of beauty from the flowers that bloomed in native sweetness on their glowing banks. My eye followed them with pleasure. I was almost tempted to accuse the power that still retained me transfixed, so eagerly did I sigh for communion with them—but my bosom was now assailed with a new and less agreeable feeling—the clumsy votaries of the Nine presented themselves—they cast a shade over the scene—their movements were plodding and slow—they had no fire in their eyes, and dullness seemed to follow in their train: they looked right onward, but their unaltered gaze graced not the place—I felt that they were intruders, and I wished them or myself removed. They grasped at beauties they knew not how to arrange—at colours they could not apply: the buds of sentiment were trodden under their feet; and if they were so fortunate as to succeed in selecting a flower of whose beauty they were sensible, still it was unaccompanied with corresponding perfection, and it would fade merely for want of reciprocation in its own beauty. I marked them with pain—they owned not the generous glow of sentiment, and their tread was the measured step of uneasiness. They stopped at the lesser rills to drink, and culled the faded beauties that reproached their scantiness of the sources—they were too indolent to reach the more enviable streams, and remained content with the insignificance of the present, without aspiring to the daring heights that in vain bid defiance to their more intrepid but still more daring companions—they were satisfied with the confined draughts derived from the inconspicuous streams, as they merely served to awaken their own self-conceit, without adding to the energies of their mind, and enabled them to associate the littleness of their ideas with what they conceived to be beauties, but which in truth were only so when reduced to the standard of their own narrow comprehension—their attempts at combining elegance with sentiment were futile, and betrayed their own imperfection—their flowers were culled without taste and arranged without ingenuity: and I observed them retire weighed down with a sense of their own unworthiness, and overpowered by the feelings of despair.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

THE PEDLAR—No. 6. GENEVA.

Dr. Moore in his travels, states the following singular custom prevalent at Geneva. "The parents form societies for their children at a very early period of their lives. These societies consist of ten, a dozen or more children of the same sex, and nearly of the same age and situation in life. They assemble once a week in the houses of the different parents who entertain the company by turns with tea, coffee, biscuits and fruit, and then leave the young assembly to the freedom of their own conversation.

"This connection is strictly kept up through life, whatever alterations may take place in the situation or circumstances of the individuals. And although they should afterwards form new or preferable intimacies, they never entirely abandon this society; but to the latest period of their lives continue to pass a few evenings every year with the companions of their youth and their earliest friends."

CURIOUS HISTORICAL FACT.

During the troubles in the reign of Charles I., a country girl came to London, in search of a place as servant-maid; but not succeeding, she hired herself to carry out beer from a brew-house, and was one of those called tub-women. The brewer observing a good looking girl in this low occupation, took her into his family as a servant, and after a short time married her; but he died while she was yet a young woman, and left her the bulk of his fortune. The business of the brewery was stopped, and the young woman was recommended to Mr. Hyde, as a skillful lawyer to arrange her husband's affairs. Hyde (who was afterwards the great earl of Clarendon) finding the widow's fortune considerable, married her. Of this marriage, there was no other issue than a daughter, who was afterwards the wife of James II. the mother of Mary and Anne, queens of England.

AS IT HAPPENS.

A plaisterer and his boy being employed to whitewash a house BY THE DAY, was so tedious, that tiring the patience of the owner, he one day asked the lad, in his master's absence, when he thought they would have done? The boy bluntly replied, that his master was looking out for another job, and if he found one, they should make an end of it that week.

A young lady having danced at a ball, until she was very much fatigued, said she did not know what to do with her feet—Two gentlemen standing by, one of them said, "put one foot into Mr. —'s pocket, and the other in mine;" to which she replied, "gentlemen, I am afraid your pockets are not able to support me."

The corporation of a certain town in Ireland, entered into a resolution (to which they called on their fellow citizens to subscribe) namely, "that they would not draw a Guinea out of the National Bank as long as it stops payment."

"See (said Achmet, pointing to a river in which several young swans were eagerly swimming after their own shadows in the stream) those silly birds imitate mankind; they are in pursuit of that which their own motion puts to flight: behold others that have tired themselves with their necessary labour, and sitting still, are in possession of that which their utmost endeavours could never have accomplished. Thus my son, happiness is the shadow of contentment, and rests or moves forward with its original."

"MANY THINGS IN FEW WORDS."

Fame is an undertaker that pays but little attention to the living, but bedizens the dead, furnishes out their funerals, and follows them to the grave.

Most men know what they hate, few what they love. He that knows himself, knows others; and he that is ignorant of himself, could not write a very profound lecture on other men's heads.

There are two things which ought to teach us to think but meanly of human glory; the very best have their calumniators, the very worst their panegyrists. Human foresight often leaves its proudest possessor only a choice of evils.

For one man who sincerely pities our misfortunes, there are a thousand who sincerely hate our success.

He that likes a hot dinner, a warm welcome, new ideas, old wine, will not often dine with the great.

Envy ought, in strict truth, to have no place what ever allowed in the heart of man, for the goods of this present world are so vile and low, that they are beneath it; and those of the future world are so vast and exalted, that they are above it.

The victims of ennui paralyze all the grosser feelings by excess, and torify all the finer by disuse and inactivity. Disgusted with this world, and indifferent about another, they at last lay violent hands upon themselves, and assume no small credit for the sang froid with which they meet death. But, alas, such beings can scarcely be said to die, for they have never truly lived.

Absence destroys weak passions, but increases strong ones, as the winds extinguishes a candle; but blow up a fire.

INFALLIBLE CURE FOR THE RHEUMATISM.

Take sharp vinegar, (the sharper the better) and rub well the part affected with it, as warm as the patient can bear, for ten minutes, and apply wrapping paper to it dipped in vinegar, to be renewed twice a day—viz. in the morning before breakfast, and in the evening going to bed. When the patient begins to make use of the vinegar, it is necessary to take a strong physic, and at the same time a spoonful of molasses and flour of sulphur, mixed together, before breakfast, and another when going to bed; in a few days the patient will be perfectly cured.

The person who publishes this receipt has tried it twice on himself with success.

WASHINGTON MUSEUM.

Illuminated every evening, Sunday excepted. CONTAINING 300 Wax Statues, 300 Painted Figures, many Natural Curiosities and Mechanical pieces. Among the Statues are represented the late Duke of Comodoro Decatur and Baron, attended by their secondos, Com. Bainbridge and Capt. Elliott; Queen Dido on the funeral pile; Death of General Moreau; Death of General Packenham; Maria Antonette, queen of France, beheaded on the Guillotine—In Paintings, the Battle of Waterloo; Perry's Victory; Death of Gen. Ross, at Baltimore; the Anacostia destroying both Horse and Rider; Battle of the Romans; Penn's Treaty with the Indians.

Anatomical Apartment—11 Natural preparations, and 10 in Wax; 10 full Portraits, many Historical Paintings and Engravings. This Room is 25 cents extra. No. 48 MARKET STREET, two doors below Second street. Admittance 25 cents—Children 12 1/2 cents. aug 18—tf

THE PRIVATEER.

JUST published by HICKMAN & HAZZARD, No. 121 Chesnut street, THE PRIVATEER, a tale, in 3 vols. price \$1 25, and for sale by the principal Booksellers in this city. dec 1—tf

Hamilton Village Inn.

ROBERT SHAW, Victualer, respectfully informs his friends and the public, and brother Victualers, that he has taken the above Establishment for the accommodation of those who may honour him with their custom. Good and sufficient Beds for Horses, together with Pens for Sheep, and accommodations for Drivers, Farmers, Waggoners, &c. nov. 17—tf

Wholesale and Retail Clothing Store.

No. 123 1/2 SOUTH WATER STREET, Corner of the Horse Dock & Drawbridge wharf. KERN, Jun. & Co. Drapers and Tailors, inform their friends and the public, that they have for sale, a large and general assortment of Ready-made Clothing, which they will dispose of at a reasonable profit, for cash or approved credit. They return thanks for past favours, and solicit a continuance of patronage.

N. B. Constantly on hand, an assortment of all qualities of Cloths, Cassimeres, Silks, Cottons and Linens, which will be made up to order in any style, at short notice. All orders executed from every part of the Union. aug 11—6m

JOB PRINTING.

BANK Checks, Law Blanks, Catalogues, Commercial Blanks, Circular Letters, Policies of Insurance, Bills of Lading, Lottery Tickets, Cards, and Hand Bills of every description, Neatly executed at a short notice, on very reasonable terms. Atkinson & Alexander, aug 11—tf No 53 Market street.

SILVERA & BROWNE.

WOOLLEN DRAPERS & TAILORS, North Fourth street, most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they will furnish every article in their line of business on the most reasonable terms.

ON HAND.

A handsome assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, together with a variety of made Pantalons and Vests. Also, a fine assortment of Tartan Plaid, which will be disposed of very low for cash. nov 10—tf

A. NICHOLS, Saw Maker.

130 SOUTH FRONT STREET, HAS lately commenced manufacturing a variety of various descriptions, such as German Hand and Panel Saws, Cast Iron Man Iron-back Saws, Brass-back Saws, Saw Webs, Breaking, Turning and Circular Saws, and Key-hole Saws, Circular Saws, &c. in the neatest manner.

Cotton Gin Saws, made to any pattern, and All the above Saws, in point of temper, finish, and warranted superior to any other, which will be sold, wholesale or retail, for cash. Also, on hand, a Stock of MILLING TOOLS, in general. aug 4—tf

FANCY CHAIRS.

THE Subscribers have on hand, a large assortment of FANCY CHAIRS, made of the materials, which they will sell low for Cash. No. 50 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia. George C. Lester, John Patterson. aug 4—tf

EDWIN HEDDERLEY.

CHURCH BELL FOUNDER & HOUSE CHANGER, No. 134 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Casts and Hange Church, Turret, and House Bells of any size or weight, and Mill and Screw Boxes, according to pattern. N. B. Fan Sashes and Brackets made, and kinds of Brass and Iron Furniture neatly repaired. aug 25—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a large assortment of BASS SIDE DRUMS, TAMBOURINES, &c. which he will dispose of on the moderate terms.

Thomas Young.

SILK DYEING.

R. AZAN.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and the public generally, that she has removed to No. 66 South Fifth street to No. 133 SIXTH STREET, the first house above the corner where she continues to carry on the SILK DYEING BUSINESS in all its branches, to wit:—Cleaning, Dyeing, and Dressing all kinds of Silks, Grapes, Lace, Canton Grapes, Silk Shawls, &c. Also, all kinds of Cotton and Woolen articles, Straw and Leghorn Hats.

She also dyes and dresses Ladies' Fancy Hosiery, in all colours—Cleans and dresses Shawls, without injuring the colours—Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel.

All of which she will do on moderate terms, and hopes by her exertions and experience to give satisfaction to those who will favour her in their patronage. aug 6—tf

CHESTNUT WARD HOTEL.

Back of No. 3 South Fourth Street. JOHN CLULEY takes leave most respectfully to return his grateful thanks for the encouragement he has received in his recent establishment—and to inform his friends and the public, that they can be regularly supplied with ALL MODE HEFEE SOUP, prepared in the very best manner, every day, (Sunday's excepted), from 1 o'clock, A. M. to 3 P. M.—SALLADS, &c. &c. FAMILIES supplied. Dinners and Suppers at the shortest notice. N. B. J. C. has excellent rooms for the accommodation of Arbitrators, Clubs, Societies, &c. nov 10—tf

THE BUSINESS.

FORMERLY conducted by T. W. LEVENE, deceased, Bell Center, Brass Foundry, Bell Hanger and Lock-smith, is still continued at the old established stand, No. 79 SOUTH FIFTH STREET—a capable person engaged, Casts all Hange Church, Turret, and Ship Bells, on reasonable terms. House Bells, in town or country, neatly hung, Hooks, Jacks, and all sorts of Brass Furniture, neatly repaired. Keys fitted to Locks, and Locks picked at the shortest notice.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. nov. 10—tf

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

SEVERAL Sums of different amounts, from one thousand to fifty thousand Dollars, to Loan on approved security in the City or County of Philadelphia. APPLY TO Isaac Elliott, No. 82 Chesnut street. aug 4—tf

CHARLES M'ARTHUR.

SILK, WOOLLEN and COTTON DYER, &c. CONTINUES at the old established stand, No. 31 UNION STREET—where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to. Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c. 1 yd to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and at very moderate prices. aug 6—tf

Pennsylvania State Lottery.

G. W. WAITE, Manager. Second Class.—Highest Prize: 15,000 DOLLARS.

SCHEME:		
1	Prize of \$15,000	is \$15,000
1	8,000	8,000
1	5,000	5,000
3	2,000	6,000
5	1,000	5,000
10	500	5,000
14	100	1,000
5000	6	30,000

5,035 Prizes. 10,045 Blanks. 15,000 Tickets, at \$5.

Prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction, and payable 60 days after the completion of the drawing—prizes only to be drawn.

Prizes to be floating as follows:
1 of \$2,000 after 1,200 numbers are drawn.
1 of 2,000 do. 1,600 do. do.
1 of 2,000 do. 1,900 do. do.
1 of 5,000 do. 2,200 do. do.
1 of 8,000 do. 3,000 do. do.
1 of 15,000 do. 4,000 do. do.
All other prizes floating—15 days drawing. Tickets and Shares, in the various Lotteries, for Sale at

GOODWIN'S

Fortunate Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 77 N. E. corner of Walnut and Third streets. Prizes to the amount of \$50,000 have been sold and paid at this office within three months. aug 4—tf